

# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/015,307	12/12/2001	Franklin Zhigang Zhang		5559
75	90 10/19/2005		EXAMINER	
FRANKLIN ZHIGANG ZHANG			BUI, HUNG S	
4717 SPENCER TORRANCE, (			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2841	
TORIGINEE, V	CA 90303			
			DATE MAILED: 10/19/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				$\alpha$
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	- OF
		10/015,307	ZHANG, FRANKLIN	ZHIGANG
Office Ad	ction Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Hung S. Bui	2841	
The MAILING Period for Reply	DATE of this communication	on appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addr	ress
WHICHEVER IS LO  - Extensions of time may be after SIX (6) MONTHS fro  - If NO period for reply is sp.  - Failure to reply within the Any reply received by the	NGER, FROM THE MAILII be available under the provisions of 37 ( m the mailing date of this communicat becified above, the maximum statutory set or extended period for reply will, by	REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 NG DATE OF THIS COMMUN CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may ion. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo y statute, cause the application to become e mailing date of this communication, even	NICATION. a reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this com. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1) Responsive to	communication(s) filed on	03 August 2005.		
2a) This action is □	<u></u>	This action is non-final.		
/ <b>=</b>	,—	llowance except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the r	nerits is
,		nder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C	·	
Disposition of Claims				
4a) Of the abo 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>11-18</u>	· · ·	thdrawn from consideration.		
8) Claim(s)	_ are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers				
•	on is objected to by the Exa		<b>:</b>	
		<u>)1</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)		ier.
• • • • • •	• •	to the drawing(s) be held in abey		
•	•	correction is required if the drawir the Examiner. Note the attach		
Priority under 35 U.S.C	:.§ 119			
a) All b) So  1. Certified  2. Certified  3. Copies applicat	ome * c) None of: I copies of the priority docu copies of the priority docu of the certified copies of the ion from the International E	preign priority under 35 U.S.C. aments have been received. aments have been received in a priority documents have been sureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). a list of the certified copies no	Application No en received in this National St	tage
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References C		· -	v Summary (PTO-413)	
· <u> </u>	s Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/5 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-1 	52)

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/015,307

Art Unit: 2841

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

- 1. Claims 11, 13, 20-21 and 24-25 are objected to because of the following informalities:
  - Claim 11, line 7, "the said on computer" should be corrected as the said computer --;
  - Claim 13, line 1, "the on computer" should be corrected as the computer --;
  - Claim 20, lines 1-2, "onto sided on PCB" should be corrected as onto said PCB --;
  - Claim 21, line 5, "means" should be corrected as means. -;
  - Claim 24, line 6, "claim 18" should be corrected as claim 18. --; and
  - Claim 25, a dependency of claim 25 should not depend on claim 28.

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 11-18, 20 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watanabe [US 5,907,478] in view of Larson [US 6,192,577].

Art Unit: 2841

Regarding claims 11 and 20, Watabane discloses an EMI shield expansion housing apparatuses (1, figures 2-3) for an add-on expansion daughter board (column 3, lines 5-10) for computer system board comprising:

- an on computer system board PCB shield zone (an area under the EMI shield housing 1);
- a metallic expansion housing cover (column 3, line 6); and
- wherein said add-on expansion daughter board is enclosure by said computer system board PCB shield zone, said metallic expansion housing cover is soldered onto said computer system board PCB shield zone covering the said add-on expansion daughter board (figure 3).

Watabane disclose the instant claimed invention except for the EMI shield housing being completed soldered onto said PCB shield zone.

Larson discloses an EMI shield housing (3) being completely soldered onto a shielding zone on a PCB (1, figures 3-4).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the EMI shield housing design of Larson for the EMI shield housing of Watabane, in order to be completely shield the daughter board in the computer system.

Regarding claim 12, Watabane disclose the instant claimed invention except for a conductive surrounding zone being formed of copper.

Larson further discloses the PCB including a surrounding zone being formed of copper (column 8, line 26).

Art Unit: 2841

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a conducting material with copper in Watabane, as suggested by Larson, for the purpose of grounding the expansion daughter board.

Regarding claims 13-14, Watabane further discloses at least one connector (9) being soldered on the PCB (figures 2-3) for installing of said add-on expansion daughter board.

Regarding claim 15, Watabane discloses said connector(s) being provided mechanical support for attaching the said add-on expansion daughter board onto the computer system board.

Regarding claims 16-17, Watabane further discloses said add-on expansion daughter card including at least one connector (3) for attaching to the corresponding said connector(s) mounted thereon the PCB (figure 3).

Regarding claim 18, Watabane discloses the metallic expansion housing cover having an open base that can be soldered onto the corresponding solderable surrounding zone of the PCB (figures 2-3).

Regarding claim 24, Watabane, as modified, disclose the instant claimed invention except for the computer system having a plurality of completely EMI shield housing.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the computer shield housing of Watabane in view of Larson, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8.

Art Unit: 2841

4. Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watanabe [US 5,907,478] in view of Larson [US 6,192,577] and Persson et al. [US 6,138,347].

Regarding claims 21-22, Watabane in view of Larson disclose as recited in claim 11 and does not disclose said complete EMI shield expansion housing apparatuses having a plurality of heat conduction means.

Persson et al. disclose an EMI shield system having a shield housing (310) enclosured a printed circuit board (240) including a plurality of heat conduction means (100) mounted between the cover of the shield housing and the printed circuit board (figure 3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the heat conduction means member with the expansion housing of Watabane in view of Larson, as suggested by Persson et al., for the purpose of dissipating heat from the PCB.

5. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watabane, as modified, as applied to claim 21 above, and further in view of Toy et al. [US 5.982,038].

Regarding claim 23, Watabane, as modified, disclose the instant claimed invention except for the shield housing being covered by a heat sink.

Toy et al. disclose a heat sink apparatus (figure 1) having a heat sink (25) being mounted on a shield housing (20) covered a shielding zone on a printed circuit board (10).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add the heat sink with the shield housing of Watabane, as modified, as suggested by Toy et al., for the purpose of dissipating heat from the board.

6. Claim 26 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Watanabe [US 5,907,478] in view of Larson [US 6,192,577] and Lettang [US 6,362,974].

Regarding claim 26, Watabane in view of Larson disclose as recited in claim 11 and does not disclose said plurality of computer shield housing being stacked together.

Lettang discloses an apparatus having a plurality of motherboard being stacked together by connector means (25, figure 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make a plurality of computer shield housing of Watabane in view of Larson, as suggested by Lettang, in order to provide more function for the computer system.

#### Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Art Unit: 2841

- Dolbear [US 5,907,474] discloses a low profile heat transfer apparatus for a surface mounted semiconductor device employing a ball grid array (BGA) device package;
- Castaneda et al. [US 5,596,487] disclose apparatus for RF shielding radio circuitry;
- Andric et al. [US 6,504,243] disclose removable heat transfer apparatus for a pin grid array (PGA) device, adn associated installation and removal methods; and
- Suzuki [US 6,775,151] discloses structure for mounting an electronic circuit unit.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung S. Bui whose telephone number is (571) 272-2102. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30AM-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/015,307 Page 8

Art Unit: 2841

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

10/13/05 Hung Bui Art Unit 2841

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800